

# ALEXANDRIA.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 28.

THE PRESIDENTIAL campaign of 1888 being about to open, it is important that voters should understand clearly what are its is ues. Both parties bave nominated men to whom no personal exception can be taken, and whether Cleveland and Thurman or Harrison and Morton are elected, the country will suffer no discredit, "Principles, not men," therefore, can be considered. The chief, if not the only issue before the people will be the tariff; not simply what shall be the rate of duty upon this or that article, but the principle of taxation for the sake of a so-called protection to American labor. Even in the palmiest days of the old whig party, Henry Clay, "the embodiment of whig principles" and the father of the American system," made no such demand upon the voters as the republican party now makes. The whig platform of 1844 advocated simply "a tariff for revenue, with incidental protection," and there are few democrats at the present day who would not be willing to concede that sort of prctection. But more is asked. Emboldened by a long career of successful plunder, the millionaire manufacturers, the "robber barons" of our day demand a tariff not for revenue, but for protection. Their prototypes built eastles on the heights and sent forth their armed retainers to take tribute from the traders as they passed on road or river; they, more subtle, but not less rapacious, deceive the unwary by the cry of danger to our manufactures, and urge them to the polls to vote themselves tributaries. A man has a right to be a millionaire if he can become so honestly, but it must not be forgot ten that the more men who have a million, the more there will be that have nothing. The policy of the State should be to equalize, as far as it can be done without violating the laws of equity, the fortunes of its citizens; to have no very rich and no very poor. The middle class is apt to be the most patriotic. Millionaires can find refuge in foreign lands from misery in their own, beggars and tramps cannot suffer from revolutions, having nothing to lose, and they, therefore, welcome them; but the great body of the industrious, frugal, and virtu ous people love their country and are inseparably bound up in its welfare. These are the men whom protective tariff does not protect, but plunders, and the democratic party will be doing its proper work if it inys before them such information upon the

JUDGING FROM the recent pourings forth of Senators Ingalls, Chandler and Edmunds, those of the latter in the Forum for July, the republicans will attempt to subordinate the tariff, in the coming campaign, to what they evidently suppose is still their strongest card-that of the bloody shirt. The spirit of the articles of Messrs. Edmunds and Chandler in the magezine referred to would not have been out of accord with that prevailing in the North during the ex istence of the civil war, and exhibits as much venomous bate for the people of the South now, twenty-three years after the last gun of the war was fired, as was cherished when Sherman burned Columbia and Sheridan devastated the Valley of Virginia. Well, all of this tends to keep the South solid, and with her three-fourths of the votes requisite to re-elect Mr. Cleveland secure, everybody acquainted with Northern character knows that the democrats of the North -who will reap most all the real benefits of the victory, are not the kind of men to deprive themselves of those benefits by failing to supp'y the taltry remaining onefourth, especially as they have the brains and the money necessary to accomplish that purpose. The Northern republicans are not wise. There have been several times when the solidity of the South was at the point of dissolution, but every time, just before the first crack could be discerned, the bloody shirt was waved in the North, and the South became as solid as ever.

tariff question as will prove it to them.

THE HIGHEST court in New York has just decided that the members of no organiza tion of workmen have the right to insist upon the discharge of a fellow workman, or prevent him from obtaining employment elsewhere, because he does not choose to organization. It would seem that in a free country such a decision would not only have been utterly unnecessary by the highest, but by any other court, in any of the and the pursuit of happiness are granted to every American citizen by the Constitution of his country, but all three would be denied if the courts were to decide that any organization has the power of preventing all other men from working for their living unless they belong to that or any other or

THE CONSIDERATION of the tariff bill has been resumed in the U.S. House of Repre | bills for thirty days. sentatives. The democrats have a working majority in that body. Having that majority, they will not be blameless if they fail to exercise its power, and force a vote on that bill at an early date. The people of the country are tired of the delay, and will hold the democrats responsible, and justly so, for its longer continuance. It is well enough for a majority to be conceding but longer the democrats responsible, and justly so, for for a majority to be conceding, but longer concession in the case referred to will cease to be a virtue. Then, too, it will not make the democrats a single vote next fall.

"But it is well for the future of the republican party in that State that the people of Virginia have been notified that General Mahone 's not speech. The King entered the hall followed dictator, and that his methods are repudiated by the party at large. Exactly the contrary impression was created by the convention of 1884. Then the republicans opposed to Mr. Blaine were so eager for Mr. Mahone's support that they set aside the more regular delegation and welcomed his cohort with effusive eagerness, Mr. Curtis and the throne. As soon as the King arrived the magwamps joining with the rest in this bit of president of the upper house proposed

practical politics.' So says the Philadelphia American, a pronounced republican newspaper, whose very existence General Mahone once denied. But though the Chicago convention sat the republican party in Virginia, and that fact will become more and more apparent as the campaign proceeds.

DR. BROOKS, the cardidate for President on the national prohibition ticket, in a recent speech, took the ground that the enfranchisement of the ignorant negroes was a mistake. If the Doctor were as correct on the liquor, as be is on the negro suffrage question, his vote next November would be much larger than it will be.

MR. CLEVELAND'S impromptu "talks' are not at all comparable with his prepared speeches, vide his reply to the notification committee and his remarks at the University a'umni dinner.

### From Washington

Special Correspondence of the Alexa. GAZETTE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28, 1888. The Senate to day after the morning hour resumed the consideration of the River and Harbor b li. During the morning hour Mr. Faulkner moved as amendments to the bill providing for the swards of the court of claims, \$3,332 for Robt. W. Renick, and \$2,006 for James W. Johnston, administra-tor of Samuel McClung, of Greenbrier county, West Virginia. The House at an early hour resumed the consideration of the Mills bill. When a vote on this bill will be reached is as much in doubt now as ever. Mr. Kelley told the GAZETTE's correspondent this morning that his party had determined to debate every line of it, that the sections that would produce the most de-bate, those on sugar and the internal revenue, had not yet been reached, and that he did not think a vote could be reached be fore the 15th of October. From Mr. Speaker Carlisle's room the GAZETTE'S correspondent learned that the debate will be concluded about the 15th or 20th of July, and that arrangements to that effect have been practically determined upon; and Senator Morrill, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, told him this afternoon that he thought the session would end be tween the 1st and the 15th of August. You the meanwhile the debate drags its slow length wearily along. About one hundred and eighty lines of it have been completed, and about sixteen hundred lines remain un-

People who have talked with the President to-day, say he expressed himself as greatly pleased with his trip to the University of Virginia yesterday and with the horpitable treatment and unobtrusive courtesy

ne received during the entire day.

In the Criminal Court here to day Miss Mc-Bride, charged with setting fire to the house she occupied for the purpose of obtaining insurance money, was convicted. The penthat she had been an inmate of a prison in

Among those who have returned to the city from Chicago is Senator Riddleberger. He says that in most things the newspapers exaggerate, but that they didn't do so in their cecunts of the row between the contesting Virginia delegates in the room of the committee on credentials at the Chicago convention, and that of that row the half has not been told. He also says that Gen. Mahone

Gen. Lee was not in the House to-day. It was reported at the Capitol to day that be had gone on a short business trip to Boston. Gen. Mahone has arrived here, on his way home from Chicago. He is in excellent that he approached his task confidently, inspirits; is looked upon here as the head of his party in his State, and, it is said by he quoted the words of Frederick the Great: other returned delegates, has again "made

up" with Senator Riddleberger.
Up to noon to day General Sheridan had not been removed from his house. It was published in the papers of this city that he who, bowing low, kissed it. After bowing would be put on a vessel here early this to the assembly the King left the hall amid published in the papers of this city that he morning for transportation to a Northern enthusiastic cheering. easide resort.

cus this morning but the only thing that was determined thereat was that the usual rcpublican motion to adjourn from Thursday to Monday should be opposed, and the conideration of the regular appropriation bills

the House education committee, which has the Blair bill before it, but only two mem-

bers were present.

It is understood that Mr. Randall is by no tion, and that while he will vote his party's his intimate friends know he will not be disappointed at its defeat, and will not look such a defeat as his funeral.

The receipts from customs alone at the Treasury to day amounted to over a million dollars, nearly all of which was exacted from raw materials and the necessaries of life, things which the poor man has to consume in order to live.

In the Senate to day the vote by which belong to their, or to any other labor the appropriation for Yadkin river was creanization it would seem that in struck out of the River and Harbor bill yesterday by Senator Edmunds, who said he had "crossed that river four times within the last six months, and that he had crossed it with much less trepidation than many something like playing the fiddle; it looks States composing the country. Life, liberty | Senators cross the Rubicon, which stream gets very few appropriations from Congress. was, reconsidered and the appropriation was reinstated.

The Indian Chasks, and his bride, who

As many of the regular appropriation the end of the fiscal year, Mr. Randall-will to day offer a resolution in the House to

The Forum for July has been received from its students and the alumni. We hear a great publishers in New York. Its contents are: The deal about the students in politics. As to Political Situation, by Senator George F. Edminds; How Can Wages be Increased? by Ed. ward Atkiuson; Our Southern Masters, by Senator William E. Chandler; English and American manism and the Republic, by Monsignor Leon Fouland; The New Battle of the Books, by George I ellew; What Shall the Public Schools Teuch? by Prof. L. H. Ward; and The Bugbear of Truit; the inspiration, I ought not to say much on the

King William's Speech.

by the royal Princes. The Queen and the Princesses occupied a dais to the right of the throne. The members of the two houses of the Landtag were stationed opposite the cheers for him, and they were given with enthusiasm. The King ascended the throne, and without removing his helmet read his speech, which was as follows: "This is a ime of sorrow. I welcome you for the first time from this place. Only for a few months heavily upon the General, he is still boss of did the sceptre rest in the hand of my departed father, nevertheless his reign was long enough for the fatherland to recognize what a ruler it has lost. His personal dig-nity and nobility of mind, the glorious part he played in the great destinies of the fatherland, and the heroic and Christian resignation with which he fought his mortal malady has made his memory imperishable in the hearts of the people. I received numberless proofs of faithful remembrance and loving sympathy at a time so sorrowful for me. I expressed to all who approached me with words of comfort my kingly thanks. When through my father's death my ancestors' crown descended to me I felt it necessary at the beginning of my reign to assemble you about me without delay to take before you the oath to the constitution, which I swear to keep firm and inviolable, and I swear to rule lawfully and truly as God may help me. William I, during a glorious reign, filled with deeds of war and peace, created the Prussia of to-day, and made our people's yearning for national unity a reality. My father, actuated by the same piety, and whose example inspires me, continued the same policy. William's works in public proclamations constituted his political legncy. I am resolved to follow him in this path of governing Prussia, and also as regards the imperial policy. Like William I, I will faithfully and conscientiously observe the laws and respect the rights of the people. At the same time I will maintain and exercise the constitutional rights of the crown, and will transmit them unimpaired to my successor. I am far from aiming to enlarge the prerogatives of the crown, thereby disturbing confidence in the stability of the. legal conditions under which we are governed. The legal status of my rights, so long as it remains undisputed, is sufficient o afford to the life of the State the measure of monarchical influence which Prussia requires in pursuance of her historical devel-From the manner in which Prus sia was constituted from her present position in the empire, and in view of the sentiments and habits of our people, I believe that our constitution distributes the co-operation of forces in the life of the State in a wise and beneficent manner. Because of this belief, as well as on account of my oath, I sha'l guard and protect the constitution. Following my ancestors' example, pay your money and take your choice. In I shall consider it my duty to extend to all religions my kingly protection in the free exercise of their forms of worship. I am especially satisfied with the recent ecclesias tical legislation which has shaped the relations between the State and the Catholic Courch and its spiritual head in a manner acceptable to both parties. I shall endeavor to preserve the ecclesiastical peace of the

"The principal points in the reform of the internal administration accomplished at the last session of the Landtag, and the practi cal working of the new legislation prove that the idea of self-governinsurance money, was convicted. The penalty is imprisonment from one to twenty years. It was developed during the trial that she had been an inmate of a prison in the South.

Among these who have returned to the wealth. I intend firmly to uphold this va'uable result, and to further develop and strengthen the new institutions and contribute to their permanent and successful working. I shall adhere to the traditions of the Prussian financial administration," The King expressed sympathy with the sufferers by the recent floods in Prussia, and said the government was relieving them and workis chairman of the State committee of the ing to prevent a recurrence of the disaster. republican party of Virginia, and that Mr. He thanked all those persons at home and not be jeopardized by radical differences of Williams. views on fundamental questions. He said spired with a sense of duty. In conclusion "The King is the first servant of the State." The chief passages of the address were loudly applauded. When he had finished the King extended his hand to Prince Bismarck, When he had finished the

The democrats of the Senate held a cau- President Cleveland at the Universi-

ty of Virginia. President Cleveland attended the com mescement exercises at the University of Virginia yesterday. The President conferbe proceeded with as rapidly as possible.

Yesterday was the day for the meeting of philology and science upon the graduates. red the degrees of master of arts and doctor At the conclusion of the ceremonies he held an informal reception and shook hands with two or three thousand people. Later in the means confident of Mr. Cleveland's re elec. day the President and party were the guests of the alumni. At a luncheon held in the ticket and and tell other people to do so, library, and at which 200 people sat down, the President responded to the toast, "The President of the United States." He said: "I first have to thank you for electing me a member of your society. I hope your cailing for me so soon after I have become one of you is not intended as a foretaste of what you intend to do with me. Your orator said to-day that a friend of his enjoyed himself I am not that sort of a man. A noted Virginian, not Thomas Jefferson, said to me vesterday, that the best thing to do in a predicament such as I find myself in to was to excuse yourself and sit down The latter part of the advice is easy to take. but the first part is not. The first part is easy, but it is not. I have no excuse, and cannot plead ill-health nor a previous en-gagement. Still, I am asbamed that I have nothing to say. I bethought myself that your institution is the work of a man who in his was a Miss Fellows, of this city, are now here. The bride is about forty and is not he afterwards managed, and in the muturity young days established a government which of his powers laid the foundation of his great seat of learning. It was his purpose at the bills can not be completed by the 30th inst., begining to place politics among the studies which he thought should be pursued here. I suppose that the politics that he referred to continue the operation of the existing were very different from the politicato which we are accustomed to-day. I wonder how much attention is paid to politics here by the whether it is a good or a bad thing depends much on the student. I should say that if he were a student of politics, it would be a very good thing. Every small boy in the country expects to be President. An expectation which the country expects to be President. An expectation which is attisfy the parents and others who had sent fibral tributes that he was but carrying out rience of a little more than three years does not make me feel very kindly towards office-Still, the ambition is a laudable one. I should hope that every student would want to be President, and, desiring to encourage

telling too much. While the perplexities of the King William II of Prussia opened the session of the Landiag yesterday with a

telling too much. While the perplexities of the office are great, they are the perplexities of the highest place in the United States, and in its occupant is reposed the confidence of the greatest people on earth."

Secretary Bayard responded to the toast, "Jurisdiction of the United States," Secretary Vilas to "The Cabinet," Gov. Lee to "The Governor of Virginia," and Senator Voorhees to "The Congress of the United States."

Gov. Lee welcomed to Virginia the man who had brought the American republic back to the

had brought the American republic back to the good old days when Virginia furnished Presidents for this great country; the good, honest, strong, conscientious man who had made the solid South feel that she was again part and parcel of the American people. [Applause] He hoped that Mr. Cleveland's visit would be repeated as present President and the next President.

The speech making was closed with an eloquent and racy speech by Senator-ele t Barbour, in which he declared himself a representative Virginian, a practical man, and one who did not belong to the esthetic school. The alumni cheered him to the echo.

The party then took carriages for Monticello and after a plessant visit to the home of Jefferson returned to Washington last night.

#### SCHOOL CLOSINGS.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY.

An account of the closing exercises of St. Mary's Academy on Tue day last, and of the interesting programme rendered on that occasion, were published in the GAZETTE of that date.

The following young ladies received premiums in the Senior department: Misses A Moore, B. Graham, M. Graham, H. Hill, B Nightingill, E. DePutron, A. Lyles, N. O'Brien, S. Travers, M. Williams, L. Bayne M. Bayne, M. Bashford, B. Foley, M. Fleming, F. Tulley.

IntermediateDepartment: MissesM. Power M. Shuman. J. Lindsey, R. Cox, E. Watkins, M. McFarland, J. Bernheimer, H. Norris, A. Lynch, M. Roach, L. Sewall, J. Sche-nault, A. Williams, G. Metcalf, M. Lyles. S. Price, E. Grabam, B. Adam, T. Schuler, DePutron, F. Reynolds, M. Harlow, K. Englebardt, R. Baader, M. McFadden, V. Charters, M. Kelly, M. Quinn, E. Peverill, M. Coode

Junior department: Misses L. Cox, R. Power, K. Price, L. Ches er, M. Dwyer, E. McGahey, M. Travers, E. Padgett, M. Prescott, E. Marcerow, M. Greenwell, T. Devitt, J. Burroughs, M. Monroe, A. McFadden A. Hanersley, M. Conneil, J. Larmond, L. Baader, C. Reynolds, R. Brill, E. Lyles, L. Reed, M. Green, L. O'Brien, G. Millstead, M. Botte, M. McDonnell.

Special Premium in Music: Misses A Reynolds, M. Cox, L. Harlow, M. Brengle O. Bruse.

Gold Medal for Excellence in Deportment in Senior Department: Awarded equally to Misses M. Williams, A. Moore, H. Hill, L. Bayne, B. Graham, M. Fleming, B. Night-ingill, M. Bayne, S. Travers; drawn by Miss Hattie Hill.

Intermediate Department : M. Power, R. Cox, M. Shuman, J. Lindsey, L. Sewall, M. Lyles, M. Harlow, E. Graham, B. Adam, T. Schuler, M. Quinn, V. Charters, J. Bern heimer; drawn by Miss Bessie Adam.

Junior Department : E. McGabey, Prescott, A. Hamersley, M. Connell, A. Mc Fadden; drawn by Miss Annie McFadden. Gold Medal for Perfect Lessons in the Senior Department: Presented by Father O'Kane; awarded equally to Misses A. Moore, M. Williams, B. Graham, M. Graham, M. Flemming, L. Bayne, B. Nightingill, H. Hill, M. Bayne, S. Travers E. DePutron, A. Lyles, B. Foley; drawn by Miss Bessie Foley.

Intermediate Department: Misses M. Power, M. Shuman, R. Cox. J. Lindsey, E. Watkins, Hilda Norris, M. McFarland, L. Sewall, M. Lyles, E Graham, M. Coode, A. Woliams, B. Adam, V. Charters, M. Quinn, L. DePutron, E. Price, E. Peverill, M. McFadden, G. Metcalf, M. Roach; drawn by Miss Rosie Cox.

Junior Department: E. McGahey, A. Mc-Fadden, M. Connell, M. Prescott, A. Hamers ley, G. Milstead, J. Larmond, M. Travers and K. Price. Drawn by Miss Jennie Larmond.

Gold medal for attendance, presented by Voigt & Haas, Washington, D. C., awarded equally to Misses Vanie Charters, S Travers, R. Cox, M. Lyles, G. Graham, M. Quinn, M. McFadden and E. McGahey. Drawn by Miss Vanie Charters. Special premium for Catholic doctrine

John Wise will compromise his differences with the General a long time before he, Riddleberger, will.

Awarded equally to Misses B. Foley, M. Flemming, A. Lyles, A. Moore, H. Hill, A. Warded to give them to the Associated William, L. Sewall, M. Power, H. Norris Press, so that all the newspapers in the based on mutual confidence, which would and M. McFarland. Drawn by Miss Annie country might announce them at the same Honorably mentioned . M. Bashford N.

he assumed office at a momentous time, but O'Brien, M. Ryan, E. Watkins, C. Reynolds, A. Lynch. M. Coode, F. Raynolds, K. Schoeni, K. Englehardt, R. Baader, E. Kearney, L. Chichester, N. Young, A. Gorman, M. Monroe, M. Greenwell, L. Cox, R. Power, M. Green, B. Croson, M. Dwyer and K. Gorman.

## THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The closing exercises of the public schools were continued at Peabody Hall this morning, when the pupils of Lee School, white female, were dismissed for the session. The teachers of the school are: Miss Sallie Yates, principal, and Misses Burnetta Brockett, Mary T. Walsh, Ada V. Grigg, Maggie W. Price, Ada V. Crump and Lizzie Albrand, The exercises consisted of music assistants. by the children, led by Mrs. Liggatt, who presided at the organ, the distribution of certificates and medals and remarks by Superintendent R. L. Carne and Mr. W. F. Carne. The Superintendent's medal was awarded to Miss Julia Brenner and the Mrs. Mary E. Carne duty medal to Miss Marian Taylor. Misses Stella Cline, Katie Jasper, Lillie Wildt, Geneva Steele and Mary Williamson, of School No. 1, were awarded special premiums from the teacher, Miss Yates. Misses Yates and Brockett were presented with handsome baskets of fruits and flowers by their scholars, as was also Mrs. Liggatt. Aunt Celia Washington, the colored assistant janitress, received a pres ent from one of the pupils and as she advanced to the stand was greeted by rounds of applause. Many of the young ladies also received handsome floral gifts from their

friends. In opening the exercises Sunt. Carne said that yesterday flowers had been sent to one boy; to day he was told that baskets and bouquets had been sent for many girls. The custom of thus presenting flowers was a pretty one, but was subjected to great abuse. He had noticed in his own school floral designs which must must have cost \$10 or \$15, and had determined to forbid such presentations there in future, as had been done by many of the private schools in other cities and by some here. In public schools the essential idea was the equality of their pupils as such, and anything which would tend to destroy that equality and mortify the poorer children, whose parents were unable to give them what the more favored children received, would be always discouraged by him, just as, in the earlier days of the schools, private premiums had been den. He would, therefore, leave the flowers sent for children and let their teachers give them after the closing of the exercises. hoped that no offerse would be taken at this, and he thought a little reflection would a very important principle. The Superintendent announced that the contest by the pupils for the typewriter would take place

on Satuday nexr. Hallowell school, colored females, will subject. I don't want to dampen their ardor by close to-morrow.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28.

Mr. Davis, from the pension committee, eported back eight vetoed pension bills with recommendation that they be passed, notwithstanding the President's objections, and they were placed on the calendar.

A motion to have the reports printed in the Record was agreed to; and a motion to print 5,000 copies of the reports was referred to the Committee on Printing, Mr. Faulk per stating the democratic members of the Committee on Pensions had not yet seen

Mr. Allison reported the army appropriation bill, and indicated his intention to call

it up this afternoon. The further consideration of the fishery treaty, and of Mr. Morgan's resolution thereupon, was postponed till Monday next. The Senate at 12:30 resumed consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill.

HOUSE. On motion of Mr. Mills, of Texas, Mr. Bunt, of Georgia, was elected as speaker pro tem during the temporary absence of Speaker Carlisle: and the clerk was direct

ed to inform the Senate of this action. Mr. Spinola, of New York, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back the Senate bill for the relief of Major-General W. W. Averill.

The House passed a joint resolution providing temporarily for the expenditures of the Government in case the appropriation bills shall not become laws prior to July 1st.

The House then went into the Committee of the Whole on the tariff bill.

#### Wife Murder and Suicide.

FREEPORT, I.ls., June 28 - Charles Deck ler, a farmer of Buena Vista, sent his childdren from the house yesterday and then crept up behind his wife and shot her through the brain. Deckler then went into the sitting room and sent a bullet almost through his heart. Throwing the revolver away he drew a razor and cut his throat so desperately that the head was almost severed from the body. The shots were heard by Deckler's little daughter, who had been sent to the well. She bastened to the house and looking in the bedroom window saw the body of her mother on the floor. She hurried to a neighbor, who at once went to the house and found Deckler on his knees tearing at his throat and gasping for breath. Assistance was sent for, and when it arrived Deckler was stretched out in a pool of blood dead. The murderer and suicide leaves a family of nine children, all highly respected. The cause of the tragedy is unknown

#### The Democratic Committee. WASHINGTON, June 28 .- Mr. Wm. H.

Barnum, chairman of the national democratic committee, called at the White House this morning and had a short interview with the President in regard to the composition of the "democratic campaign committee." The President suggested several names, but it is impossible at present to learn them. A reporter of the Associated Press saw Mr. Barnum later in the day and was informed that he was not yet prepared to announce the committee, but would do so before Sat urday night. He was going to New York to-night, he said, and would give out the names of the committee in that city. He time.

## A Prohibition Victory.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 28 .- After the most exciting local option fight ever known in Missouri the prohibitionists of Independence, the county seat of this county, and the oldest town in Missouri, won a great victory yesterday, carrying the election by over 200 mejority and ending the sale of liquor for four years. Women were everywhere at the polls, at the lunch stands and on street corners, wearing silk badges and with "dry" ballots in their hands. Girls stood at the polls, and at every voting place was a banner on which was inscribed: "Temperance beaus or no beaus at all." Free dinners were served at the polling places.

## Suicide in a Hotel.

NEW YORK, June 28 .- F. T. Lantry, a guest at the Astor House, was found dead in his room this morning. He had cut his throat with a razor. He is said to have been a resident of Boston.

OFFICIAL.

AMENDMENT TO LAW IMPOSING TAXES ON

AN ORDINANCE to amend an ordinance for imposing and collecting taxes on persons, proper-ty, income, &c., within the city of Alexandria, Va., for the year commencing on the 1st of June, 1888, and ending on the 31st day of May,

Be it ordained, That the last paragraph of the above-entitled ordinance be amended so ss to road: That upon all bills paid in full by the 12th day of July, 1888, the collectors of taxes shall allow a discount of ten per eent, and on all bills paid by the 1st day of September, 1888, they shall allow a discount of five per cent, and on all bills not paid on the 1st day of December, 1898, there shall be assessed and collected a penalty of five per cent, upon the amount of said bills, and on all bills remaining unpaid on the 1st day of on all bills remaining unpaid on the 1st day of June, 1889, damages at the rate of six per centum

Passed Board of Aldermen June 26, 1898. W. H. MARBURY, President.
Passed Common Council June 26, 1888.
JOHN T. SWEENEY, President.

Approved June 26, 1888. E. E. DOWNHAM, Mayor. JAMES B. CATON, Clerk C. C. PINE SUGAR-CURED HAMS, SHOULDERS,

Jowls and Breakfast Pieces for sale low by b17 J. C. MILBURN. WE MAKE HOSIERY A SPECIALTY; therefore can give extra values for prices paid.

5 AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

feb17

SYRUP OF FIG\*, a new and valuable remedy, in bottles at 50c and \$1 each, just received by mh8 E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO. MIXED PICKLE and CHOW CHOW for sale by the gallon or pint by J. C. MILBURN.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Calvin S. Brice, of Ohio, will probably succeed Senator Gorman as head of the

democratic campaign committee. The Lithonia (Gs.) New Era says: "There will be at least a thousand candidates for

the Legislature in Georgia this year." The accession to the democratic party of ex-Mayor Low, of Brooklyn, is one of the most important developments of the campaign in New York. Mr. Low was twice elected mayor as a republican candidate

The majority in the British Parliament of 93 by which the government defeated Mr. Morley's motion in condemnation of the enforcement of the crimes act in Ireland leaves little room to hope for the speedy fulfillment of home-rule hopes.

The Plant Investment Company has just purchased 280 acres of land in the suburha of Jacksonville, Fia., paying therefor \$150. Railroad men are under the impresion that the Plant company intend to tranfer their headquarters from Savannah to Jacksonville in the near future.

The republican clubs throughout the coun'ry are making arrangements to send delegations to meet James G. Baine on his arrival in July. It is expected that when Mr. Blaine arrives in New York he wi meet with a grand reception. There will be a fleet of steamers to go down the bay to

The owners of the establishment at Mu nich from which Billy Porter and Frank Buck, the American cracksmen, made a large haul of jewelry bave arrived in Len-don and have identified nearly every article of plunder found in Porter's and Buck's residences. Some of the property recovered had been made for the firm by special or-der, and their recognition of this was undoubted.

The Pikesville arsenal, near Baltimore, has been transformed into the Confederate Soldiers' Home, the formal opening of which took place yesterday. The stand was decorated with the national colors and por-traits of Jefferson Davis, Robert E. Lee and Stonewal Jackson Addresses were made by Senators Wade Hampton, of South Caro lina; Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina; John W. Daviel, of Virginia; J. C S. Black burn, of Kentucky; James B. Beck, of Kentucky; George S. Vest, of Missouri, and Hon J. Proctor Knott, of Kentucky Judge George Wm B own presided.

#### VIRGINIA NEWS.

At the last meeting of the board of super visors of Fauquier county \$14 50 was allow ed for fox scalps.

Hon. A. H. H. Sauart, Secretary of the Interior under Fillmore, was one of the guests at the University closing yesterday and sat on the platform by the side of Sec retary Vilas.

Rev. John Howard Veasey, recently a Protestant Episcopal clergyman of New Jersey, died in Portsmouth, yesterday af-ternoon of consumption. He came South the first of the year for his health.

The Loudoun Mirror says: "Now that the grain has been in the hands of the harvesters it is found that, while the crop is better than was anticipated some months ago, and better than for several years past, it is by no means a full one, and those fields that return twenty bushels to the acre will be the exceptions.

The hay crop in Fauquier county will be small. Nearly all the clover in the second year died out last winter. The timothy is ight, notwithstanding the wet spring. The oat crop, with one or two more rains, will be very fine. The wheat harvest will be plentiful. The corn is looking well and the stock cattle flourishing.

The capitalists who have invested money in the projected road from Richmond to Wicomico, in Westmoreland county, Va. seem to feel confident that this scheme will be a success. The officers of the new company are those of the Frederickeburg and Chesa peake company, practically consolidating these two companies. A contract was en-tered into with the Richmond Tunnel and Construction Company, of which E. Scott, of New York, is president, for the construction of the railroad and the tunnel.

## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 28 .- The first sales in the ck market were made at steady figures, and utes, but the market soon became strong again and everything in which there was any dealing began to rise, though the gains in the list were confined to less than half per cent. All motion. however, disappeared from the market late in the hour, and at 11 o'clock it was extremely dull and steady to firm at about the prices reached. Money

BALTIMOBE, June 28 .- Virginias conso i ated 35%; past-due coupons 64%; d. 10-40s 35%; do new 3s 6434 bid to-day.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, June 28 .- Flour is in fair demand, and current prices, especially for well-established brands, are fully maintained by both millers and holders of large stocks. Wheat is quiet, with small fluctuations; sales at 70, 73 75 and 80 for common to good, and 80 to 86 for choice milling Wheats, Corn is firmer at 61 to Rye 60 to 68. Oats 40 to 44. Eggs 17 to Butter and other produce are in liberal su; ply and casy.

BALTIMORE, June 28 .- Cotton nominally steady BALTIMORE, June 28.—Cotton nominally steady; middling 10<sup>1</sup>4. Flour dull but fairly steady; Wheat—Southern dull and nearly nomina; Fultz S4a90; longberry S5a90; No 1 Western quiet and easy; No 2 winter red spot S3<sup>3</sup>4aS4; July S3<sup>5</sup>4aS4; Aug S4<sup>5</sup>5aS47<sub>8</sub>; Sept S6a50<sup>1</sup>4. Corn—Southern in good demand at higher prices; white 61a62<sup>1</sup>½; yeilow 57a58; Western quiet and steady; mixed spots 53<sup>1</sup>4a53<sup>1</sup>½; July 53<sup>1</sup>4a55. Oats quiet and steady; Southern and Penns 40a43; Western white 42<sup>1</sup>½; a44; do mixed 40a41. Rye dull and nominal at 66a67. Hay quiet; prime to choice Western \$17. 66,67. Hay quiet; prime to choice Western \$17 Provisions steady and unchanged. Eggs quiet and easier at 17. Coffee steady; Rio cargoes fair 15. Whisky quiet at \$1 26a1 28.

New York June 28 .- Cotton easy; uplands New Yorks June 25.—Cotton easy; uplands 10½; forleans 10½; futures quiet and frm. Flour quiet and easy. Wheat—May ½c lower; July and August ½c higher; others unchanged. Corn unchanged. Pork dull at \$15.00a15.25. Lard easy at \$8.50a8.52½.

CHICAGO, June 28, 11 a. m .- At this hour the August option is quoted as follows: Wheat 79 \( \begin{align\*} \) Corn 49 \( \begin{align\*} \) Oats 26 \( \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} \) Pork \$13 67 \( \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} \) bid; Lard \$8 25; short ribs \$7 60.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JUNE 28, 1888. 

ARRIVED. Schr Maid of the Mist, Clearmont, Immber to

Perry, Smoot & Co. Schr American Esgle, Occoquan, lumber to Perry, Smoot & Co. SAILED. Schr Annie S Conlin, Georgetown, by F A Reed

FINE PEPPERELL JEANS DRAWERS for men of all sizes, just received by mh31 AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

CHOICE TOMATOES LOW—Large cans Tomatoes of fine quality for sale at 10c each by mh14 J. C. MILBURN.

DRESH GRAHAM FLOUR and CRACKED WHEAT just received by J. C. MILBURN. my24

RESH ITALIAN MACARONI, Breakfast Hominy and New York Beans just received, oct20 GEO. McLURNEY & SON. 21 MATS VERY FINE OLD GOVT. JAVA ap17 J. C. MILBURN.